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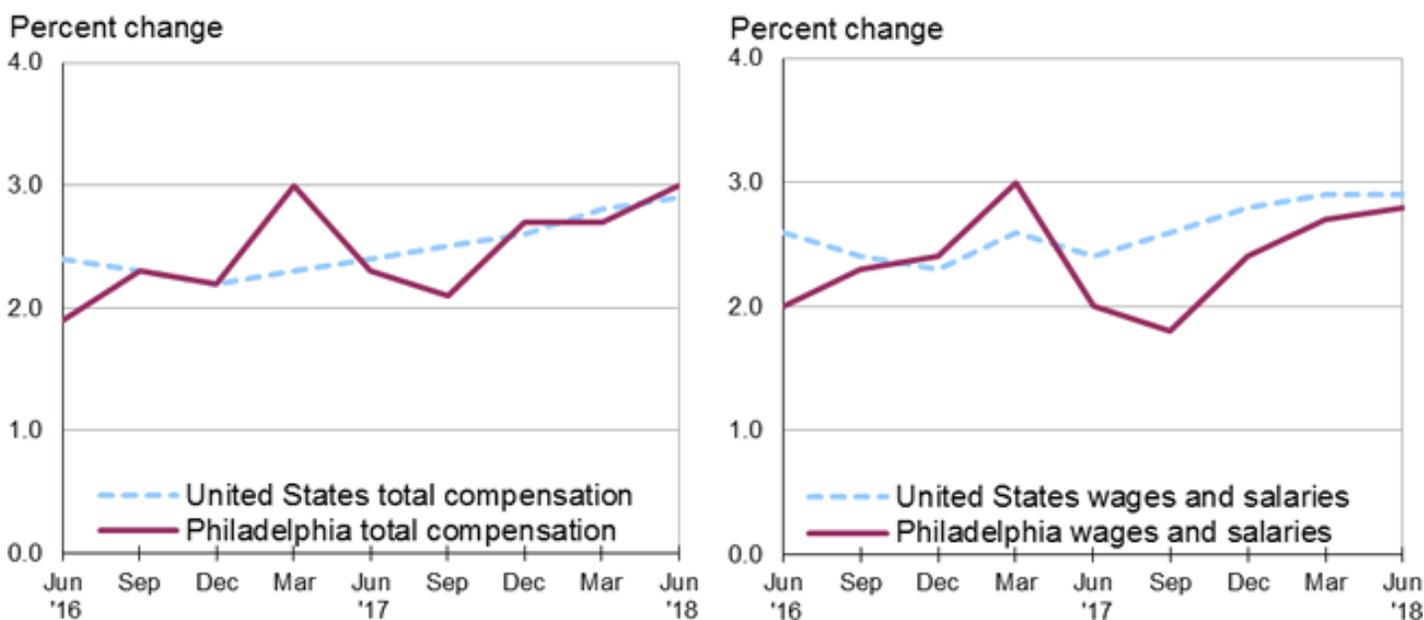
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## Changing Compensation Costs in the Philadelphia Metropolitan Area – June 2018

Total compensation costs for private industry workers increased 3.0 percent in the Philadelphia-Camden-Vineland, PA-NJ-DE-MD, metropolitan area for the year ended June 2018, the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics reported today. Sheila Watkins, the Bureau’s regional commissioner, noted that one year ago, Philadelphia experienced an annual gain of 2.3 percent in total compensation costs. Locally, wages and salaries, the largest component of total compensation costs, advanced at a 2.8-percent pace for the 12-month period ended June 2018. Nationwide, total compensation costs and wages and salaries rose 2.9 percent each over the year. (See [chart 1](#) and [table 1](#).)

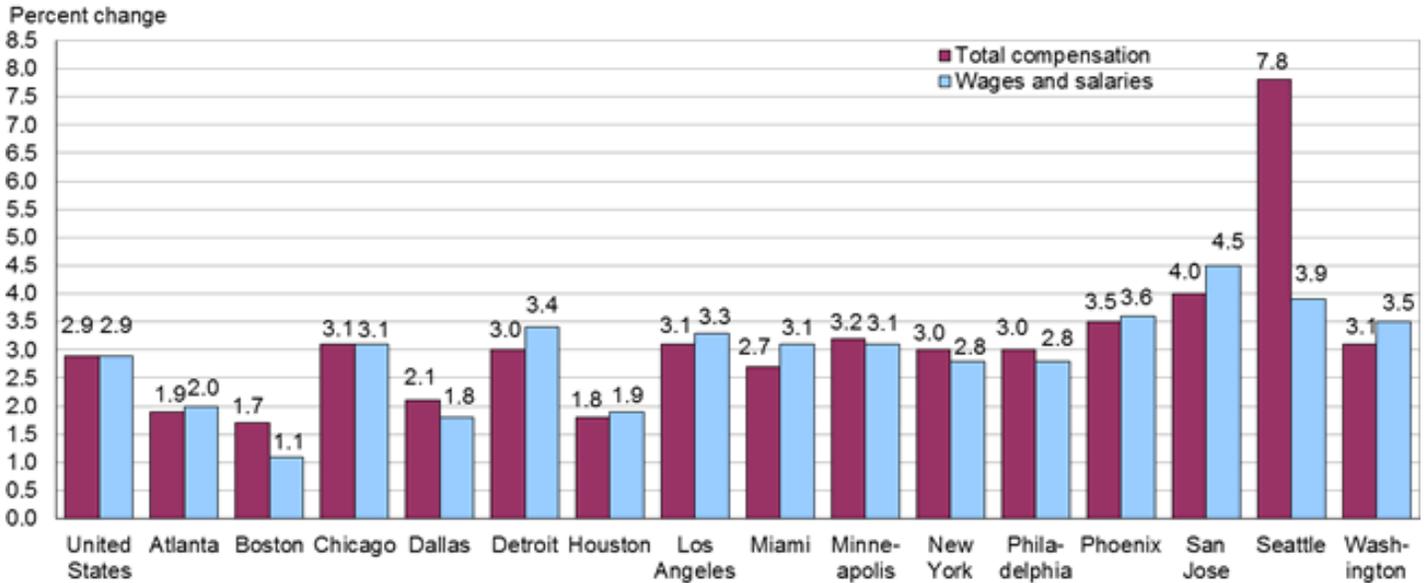
**Chart 1. Twelve-month percent changes in the Employment Cost Index, private industry workers, United States and the Philadelphia area, not seasonally adjusted, June 2016–June 2018**



Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics.

Philadelphia is 1 of 15 metropolitan areas in the United States, and 1 of 3 areas in the Northeast region of the country, for which locality compensation cost data are now available. Philadelphia’s over-the-year increase of 3.0 percent in total compensation ranked 8<sup>th</sup> among the 15 published areas in June 2018, tying with Detroit and New York. Among the other areas, percent changes in total compensation ranged from 7.8 percent in Seattle to 1.7 percent in Boston from June 2017 to June 2018. With an increase of 2.8 percent, Philadelphia ranked 10<sup>th</sup> of the 15 areas in wage and salary gains over the year, tying with New York. Growth rates in wages and salaries among the other metropolitan areas ranged from 4.5 percent in San Jose to 1.1 percent in Boston. (See [chart 2](#).)

**Chart 2. Twelve-month percent change in the Employment Cost Index, private industry workers, United States and localities, not seasonally adjusted, June 2018**



Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor

When compared with the two other Northeastern metropolitan areas, the annual increase in total compensation costs in Philadelphia in June 2018 was above the gain in Boston (1.7 percent), and tied with New York (3.0 percent). Philadelphia’s 2.8-percent gain in wages and salaries over this 12-month period again tied with New York, and was above the gain in Boston (1.1 percent). (See [table 2.](#))

Locality compensation costs are part of the national Employment Cost Index (ECI), which measures quarterly changes in compensation costs, which include wages, salaries and employer costs for employee benefits. In addition to the 15 locality estimates provided in this release, ECI data for the nation, 4 geographical regions, and 9 geographical divisions are available. (Geographical definitions for the metropolitan areas mentioned in this release are included in the [Technical Note.](#))

In addition to the geographic data, a comprehensive national report is available that provides data by industry, occupational group, and union status, as well as for both private, and state and local government employees. The release is available on the Internet at [www.bls.gov/ncs/ect/](http://www.bls.gov/ncs/ect/) Current and historical information from other Bureau programs may be accessed via our regional homepage at [www.bls.gov/regions/mid-atlantic/](http://www.bls.gov/regions/mid-atlantic/).

**The Employment Cost Index for September 2018 is scheduled to be released on Wednesday, October 31st, 2018.**

### Technical Note

The Employment Cost Index (ECI) measures the change in the cost of labor, free from the influence of employment shifts among occupations and industries. The compensation series includes changes in wages and salaries and employer costs for employee benefits.

Wages and salaries are defined as straight-time average hourly earnings or, for workers not paid on an hourly basis, straight-time earnings divided by the corresponding hours. Straight-time wage and salary rates are total earnings before payroll deductions, excluding premium pay for overtime, work on weekends and holidays, and shift differentials. Production bonuses, incentive earnings, commission payments, and cost-of-living

adjustments are included in straight-time earnings, whereas nonproduction bonuses (such as Christmas or year-end bonuses) are excluded. Also excluded are such items as payments-in-kind, free room and board, and tips.

Based on available resources and the existing ECI sample, it was determined that estimates would be published for 15 metropolitan areas. Since the ECI sample sizes by area are directly related to area employment, the areas with the largest private industry employment as of the year 2000 were selected. For each of these areas, 12-month percent changes and associated standard errors were computed for the periods since December 2006.

The metropolitan area definitions of the 15 published localities are listed below.

- **Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Gainesville, GA-AL Combined Statistical Area (CSA)** includes Barrow, Bartow, Butts, Carroll, Cherokee, Clayton, Cobb, Coweta, Dawson, DeKalb, Douglas, Fayette, Forsyth, Fulton, Gwinnett, Hall, Haralson, Heard, Henry, Jasper, Lamar, Meriwether, Newton, Paulding, Pickens, Pike, Polk, Rockdale, Spalding, Troup, Upson, and Walton Counties in Georgia; and Chambers County in Alabama.
- **Boston-Worcester-Manchester, MA-NH CSA** includes Essex, Middlesex, Norfolk, Plymouth, Suffolk, and Worcester Counties in Massachusetts and Belknap, Hillsborough, Merrimack, Rockingham, and Strafford Counties in New Hampshire.
- **Chicago-Naperville-Michigan City, IL-IN-WI CSA** includes Cook, DeKalb, DuPage, Grundy, Kane, Kankakee, Kendall, Lake, McHenry, and Will Counties in Illinois; Jasper, Lake, LaPorte, Newton, and Porter Counties in Indiana; and Kenosha County in Wisconsin.
- **Dallas-Fort Worth, TX CSA** includes Collin, Cooke, Dallas, Delta, Denton, Ellis, Henderson, Hood, Hunt, Johnson, Kaufman, Palo Pinto, Parker, Rockwall, Somervell, Tarrant, and Wise Counties in Texas.
- **Detroit-Warren-Flint, MI CSA** includes Genesee, Lapeer, Livingston, Macomb, Monroe, Oakland, St. Clair, Washtenaw, and Wayne Counties in Michigan.
- **Houston-Baytown-Huntsville, TX CSA** includes Austin, Brazoria, Chambers, Fort Bend, Galveston, Harris, Liberty, Matagorda, Montgomery, San Jacinto, Walker, and Waller Counties in Texas.
- **Los Angeles-Long Beach-Riverside, CA CSA** includes Los Angeles, Orange, Riverside, San Bernardino, and Ventura Counties in California.
- **Miami-Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach, FL Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA)** includes Broward, Miami-Dade, and Palm Beach Counties in Florida.
- **Minneapolis-St. Paul-St. Cloud, MN-WI CSA** includes Anoka, Benton, Carver, Chisago, Dakota, Goodhue, Hennepin, Isanti, McLeod, Ramsey, Rice, Scott, Sherburne, Stearns, Washington, and Wright Counties in Minnesota; and Pierce and St. Croix Counties in Wisconsin.
- **New York-Newark-Bridgeport, NY-NJ-CT-PA CSA** includes Bronx, Dutchess, Kings, Nassau, New York, Orange, Putnam, Queens, Richmond, Rockland, Suffolk, Ulster, and Westchester Counties in New York; Bergen, Essex, Hudson, Hunterdon, Mercer, Middlesex, Monmouth, Morris, Ocean, Passaic, Somerset, Sussex, and Union Counties in New Jersey; Fairfield, Litchfield, and New Haven Counties in Connecticut; and Pike County in Pennsylvania.
- **Philadelphia-Camden-Vineland, PA-NJ-DE-MD CSA** includes Bucks, Chester, Delaware, Montgomery, and Philadelphia Counties in Pennsylvania; Burlington, Camden, Cumberland, Gloucester, and Salem Counties in New Jersey; New Castle County in Delaware; and Cecil County in Maryland.
- **Phoenix-Mesa-Scottsdale, AZ MSA** includes Maricopa and Pinal Counties in Arizona.
- **San Jose-San Francisco-Oakland, CA CSA** includes Alameda, Contra Costa, Marin, Napa, San Benito, San Francisco, San Mateo, Santa Clara, Santa Cruz, Sonoma, and Solano Counties in California.
- **Seattle-Tacoma-Olympia, WA CSA** includes Island, King, Kitsap, Mason, Pierce, Snohomish, and Thurston Counties in Washington.

- **Washington-Baltimore-Northern Virginia, DC-MD-VA-WV CSA** includes the District of Columbia; Baltimore City and Anne Arundel, Baltimore, Calvert, Carroll, Charles, Frederick, Harford, Howard, Montgomery, Prince George's, Queen Anne's, and St. Mary's Counties in Maryland; Alexandria, Fairfax, Falls Church, Fredericksburg, Manassas, Manassas Park, and Winchester Cities and Arlington, Clarke, Fairfax, Fauquier, Frederick, Loudoun, Prince William, Spotsylvania, Stafford, and Warren Counties in Virginia; and Hampshire and Jefferson Counties in West Virginia.

Definitions of the four geographic regions of the country are noted below.

- **Northeast:** Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, and Vermont.
- **South:** Alabama, Arkansas, Delaware, the District of Columbia, Florida, Georgia, Kentucky, Louisiana, Maryland, Mississippi, North Carolina, Oklahoma, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Virginia, and West Virginia.
- **Midwest:** Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, North Dakota, Ohio, South Dakota, and Wisconsin.
- **West:** Alaska, Arizona, California, Colorado, Hawaii, Idaho, Montana, Nevada, New Mexico, Oregon, Utah, Washington, and Wyoming.

Information in this release will be made available to sensory impaired individuals upon request. Voice phone: (202) 691-5200; Federal Relay Service: (800) 877-8339.

**Table 1. Employment Cost Index for total compensation and for wages and salaries, private industry workers, United States, Northeast region, and the Philadelphia area, not seasonally adjusted**

Area	Total compensation				Wages and salaries			
	12-month percent changes for period ended-				12-month percent changes for period ended-			
	March	June	Sep.	Dec.	March	June	Sep.	Dec.
<b>United States</b>								
2014 .....	1.7	2.0	2.3	2.3	1.7	1.9	2.3	2.2
2015 .....	2.8	1.9	1.9	1.9	2.8	2.2	2.1	2.1
2016 .....	1.8	2.4	2.3	2.2	2.0	2.6	2.4	2.3
2017 .....	2.3	2.4	2.5	2.6	2.6	2.4	2.6	2.8
2018 .....	2.8	2.9			2.9	2.9		
<b>Northeast</b>								
2014 .....	1.5	2.0	2.5	2.6	1.5	1.9	2.5	2.6
2015 .....	4.0	2.1	2.0	1.9	4.4	2.2	2.1	2.0
2016 .....	1.6	2.7	2.5	2.5	1.8	3.2	2.8	2.9
2017 .....	2.3	2.7	2.8	2.6	2.2	2.8	3.0	2.7
2018 .....	2.7	2.7			2.7	2.4		
<b>Philadelphia-Camden-Vineland</b>								
2014 .....	1.6	1.5	1.4	2.0	1.4	1.5	1.4	2.0
2015 .....	2.5	2.6	2.1	1.6	2.3	2.4	2.2	1.5
2016 .....	1.0	1.9	2.3	2.2	1.0	2.0	2.3	2.4
2017 .....	3.0	2.3	2.1	2.7	3.0	2.0	1.8	2.4
2018 .....	2.7	3.0			2.7	2.8		

**Table 2. Employment Cost Index for total compensation and for wages and salaries, private industry workers, United States, geographical regions, and localities, not seasonally adjusted**

Area	Total compensation			Wages and salaries		
	12-month percent changes for period ended-			12-month percent changes for period ended-		
	Jun. 2017	Mar. 2018	Jun. 2018	Jun. 2017	Mar. 2018	Jun. 2018
United States.....	2.4	2.8	2.9	2.4	2.9	2.9
Northeast.....	2.7	2.7	2.7	2.8	2.9	2.4
Boston-Worcester-Manchester.....	2.7	2.0	1.7	2.9	1.7	1.1
New York-Newark-Bridgeport.....	3.3	2.8	3.0	3.5	3.1	2.8
Philadelphia-Camden-Vineland.....	2.3	2.7	3.0	2.0	2.7	2.8
South.....	1.6	2.6	2.7	1.7	2.8	2.9
Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Gainesville.....	2.2	1.1	1.9	2.6	1.7	2.0
Dallas-Fort Worth.....	2.4	2.2	2.1	3.1	2.2	1.8
Houston-Baytown-Huntsville.....	2.1	2.1	1.8	2.5	2.3	1.9
Miami-Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach.....	3.7	2.4	2.7	3.9	2.7	3.1
Washington-Baltimore-Northern Virginia.....	1.9	2.5	3.1	2.5	2.8	3.5
Midwest.....	2.3	2.4	2.5	2.4	2.4	2.5
Chicago-Naperville-Michigan City.....	2.8	2.9	3.1	2.8	2.9	3.1
Detroit-Warren-Flint.....	2.1	2.6	3.0	2.2	2.8	3.4
Minneapolis-St. Paul-St. Cloud.....	3.0	3.5	3.2	3.0	3.9	3.1
West.....	3.0	3.6	3.6	3.1	3.7	3.7
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Riverside.....	2.9	3.2	3.1	2.7	3.1	3.3
Phoenix-Mesa-Scottsdale.....	2.6	3.6	3.5	2.9	4.0	3.6
San Jose-San Francisco-Oakland.....	3.1	4.4	4.0	3.1	4.9	4.5
Seattle-Tacoma-Olympia.....	2.7	7.2	7.8	3.6	3.6	3.9